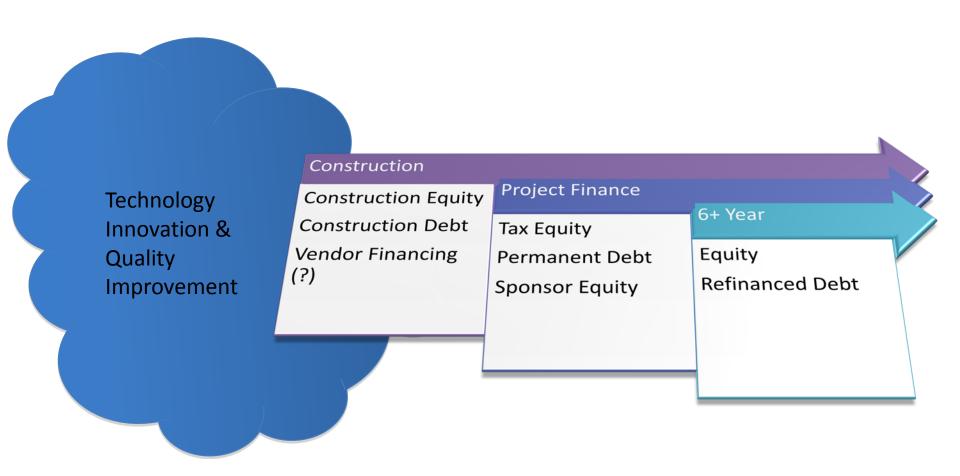
CLEANPATH VENTURES



Financial Investors' Perspective on Quality Assurance

the path to clean energy



Monetizing Tax Advantage Project Performance 2011



100% Depreciation 30% ITC – Cash Grant

Sale Lease Back	Partnership	Equity
System is owned by the	System benefits flow to	Complete equity
bank and leased back to	tax equity and debt	ownership
the project sponsor	investors then 'flip' to	
	sponsor	

Importance of Quality

- Larger systems are attracting lower NO risk capital
- Systems will have more complex power interaction with the grid
- Large systems will FAIL resulting in review of quality
- 25+ years is a VERY long time

Monetizing Quality Assurance

- Translate technical Challenges
 - Lower degradation
 - Higher yield
 - Project level impacts
- Investment Challenges
 - Bank book acceptance
 - Predict long term production
 - Independent Engineer education

PV System Performance

Analysis of financial impact of increased performance

Who benefits from high performance?

- Over-performance has little benefit for debt/tax equity
- Debt/Tax Equity viewed as risk assurance for the future
 - Fills reserve accounts
 - Raises confidence for future re-financing options
- Disappointing to sponsor
 - Higher yield would have meant more money
- Independent Engineer too conservative?
 - 3 years of data isn't enough but to complain
 - Weather resource is complex and a 2 year dataset may not be indicative

	Debt	Sponsor	Tax Equity
Partnership	No	Complicated	No
Sale-Lease Back	No	Yes	No
Cash Deal	Yes	Yes	No

Planned Performance

Impact of increases to underwritten yield due to QA and Innovation

Case Study Increase Production during Operation

Assumptions

- Quality Assurance and technology program
- Guarantees 1% yield increase
- 12,500 kWp (50,000 250W module)
- Costs \$1/module (\$50k)
- PPA Levelized at \$130/MWh
- 15% Cost of Capital

Analysis

- IRR: 60+% for 20 years
- Simple Payback: <2 years
- \$30k/year; \$200k Net Present Value
- <u>NO GO?</u>

NO Go?

- Investment Challenges
 - Debt & Tax Equity convinced NO net negative potential consequence
 - NO/Limited benefit if systems are meeting DSCR
 - Potential for negative impact is rarely 0
 - Sponsor has to be convinced to focus resources
 - Outside the business plan
 - Activation energy too great
 - Investment is at risk for many years
 - Does not build pipeline or sell product
 - NPV \$200k versus Development Fee profit of \$5,000k+
- Technology Challenges
 - Predictability of performance is challenging
 - 20 years is a very long time
 - Potential of negative impact

Implications of performance

Yield	100%	101%	102%	103%	105%	109%
Development Fee	5,300	5,900	6,500	7,000	8,800	10,400
% Increase		10%	20%	31%	51%	95%

12.5 MW System

Base Yield: 1950 kWh/kWp

7% Unlevered Return

- Day 0 is extremely important
- Predictability, viability, and solid sponsorship is essential.
- Every 1% increase in yield increases the project profitability 10%
- 3% increase in yield is worth MILLIONS of dollars on day 0
- Increases in Development Fee goes directly to sponsor

Conclusions

- Performance is extremely important
- Quality MUST lead to better performance -- Under-performance is universally unacceptable
- Over performance is marginally valuable for operating assets
- Higher underwritten performance dramatically impacts profitability
- Sell products to good stewards. Good product is a result of the construction and care
- Technology needs to focus on predictability of performance
- Quality Assurance and Innovation need to focus on pre-operational assets
- Standards and Protocols are essential for accurate modeling to increase and yield
- Spend the money to identify, procure, AND DEFEND quality

Thank YOU!

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